

LATIN ONE EXAMINATION: KEY
Classical Association of Virginia
2012 Tournament

Multiple Choice

- | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. A | 26. C | 51. C |
| 2. C | 27. D | 52. D |
| 3. A | 28. B | 53. B |
| 4. B | 29. A | 54. B |
| 5. D | 30. C | 55. C |
| 6. C | 31. D | 56. D |
| 7. B | 32. A | 57. C |
| 8. D | 33. C | 58. B |
| 9. A | 34. B | 59. A |
| 10. C | 35. D | 60. D |
| 11. B | 36. A | 61. C |
| 12. A | 37. C | 62. A |
| 13. C | 38. B | 63. B |
| 14. B | 39. A | 64. D |
| 15. A | 40. D | 65. C |
| 16. D | 41. B | 66. A |
| 17. C | 42. D | 67. D |
| 18. B | 43. A | 68. C |
| 19. A | 44. C | 69. A |
| 20. D | 45. B | 70. D |
| 21. C | 46. D | 71. B |
| 22. A | 47. D | 72. C |
| 23. D | 48. C | 73. B |
| 24. B | 49. B | 74. A |
| 25. A | 50. A | 75. B |

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Sight-Translation Passage

Translate the following passage as literally as English idiom allows.

Ōlim deī Rōmānō cōsulī ōmen dedērunt. Lūcius Paulus cōsul bellum cum rēge Perseō gerēbat. Paulus filiā parvā, Tertiam nōmine, habuit. Ūnā noctē Paulus domum revēnit postquam magnum proelium pugnāvit. Tertiam miseram vīdit et “Quid est,” inquit, “mea Tertia? Cūr misera es?” “Mī pater,” dīxit filia cum lacrimīs in oculīs, “Persus, meus canis, mortuus est.” Paulus erat non miser sed laetus. Paulus respondit “Accipiō, mea filia, ōmen.” Nōmen tuī canis est simile nōminī regis. Deī nūntium nōbīs nōmine tuī mortuī canis mīsērunt. Hoc ōmen mortem rēgis Perseī praedīcit. Crās Perseum proeliō vincam.

ōmen, ōminis n. – omen

Perseus, -ī m. – Perseus (a king of Macedonia)

nōmine – named

lacrima, -ae f. – tear

mortuus, -a, -um – dead

similis, -e – similar to

Hoc – This

nōbīs – to us

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| 1. Ōlim
deī | Once (upon a time)
the gods |
| 2. dedērunt <u>ōmen</u>
Rōmānō cōsulī. | gave an omen
to a Roman consul (accept "Roman consul" if indirect object) |
| 3. Lūcius Paulus cōsul
cum rēge <u>Perseō</u> | Lucius Paulus the consul (must be in apposition with Lucius Paulus)
with king Perseus |
| 4. gerēbat bellum
Paulus habuit | was waging/carrying on/fighting a war
Paulus had |
| 5. filiam parvam,
Tertiam <u>nōmine</u> . | a small daughter
named Tertia / Tertia by name. |
| 6. Ūnā noctē
Paulus revēnit | One night
Paulus returned/came back (must be perfect tense) |
| 7. domum
postquam pugnāvit | home/homeward
after he fought (accept "had fought") |
| 8. magnum proelium
vīdit | a great battle.
He saw |
| 9. Tertiam miseram
et inquit, | sad/poor/wretched/miserable Tertia
and said, |
| 10. "Quid est,"
"mea Tertia?" | "What is it,
my Tertia?" |
| 11. Cūr
misera es?" | "Why
are you sad?" |
| 12. "Mī pater,"
Fīlia dīxit | "My father,"
the daughter said |
| 13. cum <u>lacrimīs</u>
in oculīs, | with tears
in (her) eyes, |
| 14. "meus canis,
Persus, mortuus est." | "My dog,
Persus, is dead." (accept "has died") |
| 15. Paulus erat
nōn mīser | Paulus was
not sad (accept all variations from #9) |
| 16. sed laetus.
Paulus respondit | but happy.
Paulus responded (must be perfect tense) |
| 17. "Accipiō,
mea fīlia, | "I accept,
my daughter, |
| 18. <u>ōmen</u> ."
Nōmen | the omen."
The name |
| 19. tuī canis
est simile | of your dog
is similar to |
| 20. nōminī
regis. | the name (must be dative and taken after <i>simile</i>)
of the king. |
| 21. <u>Hoc</u> <u>ōmen</u>
praedīcit | This omen
predicts |
| 22. mortem
rēgis Perseī | the death
of king Perseus. |
| 23. Deī mīsērunt.
nūntium nōbīs | The gods sent/have sent
a message to us / us a message |
| 24. nōmine
tuī mortuī canis. | by/in/with the name
of your dead dog. |
| 25. Crās vincam
Perseum proeliō | Tomorrow I will defeat
Perseus in/by/with battle. |