

## CHOOSE THE BEST ANSWER FROM A, B, C, OR D. MARK ANSWERS ON ANSWER SHEET.

1. Mīlitēs impetum fortissimē sustinēbant. A) bravely B) as bravely as possible C) very bravely D) more bravely
2. Sive senātōrēs discēdunt sive in Cūriā manent, ego ad Forum ībō. A) Whether...or B) Not only...but also C) Neither...nor D) Both...and
3. Pāx nōbīs quaerenda est. A) of us B) toward us C) against us D) by us
4. Omnēs servae praeter Lŷdiam in vīllā labōrābant. A) behind B) except C) with D) because of
5. Mihi placet discipulōs docēre. A) I ought B) It is fitting for me C) It is pleasing to me D) I am allowed
6. Nāvibus vastātīs, bellum finītum est. A) Although the ships will be destroyed B) After the ships had been destroyed C) By destroying the ships D) While the ships are destroying
7. Difficilius est librōs Platōnis intellegere. A) difficult B) rather difficult C) very difficult D) as difficult as possible
8. Ille nauta dīcit sē heri advēnisse. A) they B) you C) she D) he
9. Cum virī convēnissent, cōsul adventum lēgātōrum nūntiāvit. A) When the men had assembled B) While the men were assembling C) Although the men assembled D) Since the men were assembling
10. Nōnne domī mānsistī? A) to the house B) from home C) of the house D) at home
11. Puella superba, nōmine Arachnē, facta est \_\_\_\_\_. A) arānea B) arāneae C) arāneam D) arāneās
12. Orpheus, ex Orcō exitūrus, Eurydicēn respicit. A) left B) about to leave C) leaving D) having been left
13. Magister scit discipulōs amāvisse poētam Vergilium. A) love B) are loved C) loved D) were loved
14. Mātrēs nescivērunt cūr liberī in agrōs current. A) are running B) were running C) will run D) had run
15. Caesar decimam legiōnem impedimentō hostibus mīsit. A) by a hindrance B) of a hindrance C) from a hindrance D) as a hindrance
16. Rēx mīlitēs urbis servandae grātiā cōscripsit. A) since the city must be saved B) while saving the city C) for the sake of saving the city D) by saving the city
17. Adulēscēns cuidam puellae dōnum dedit. A) to a certain girl B) some girls C) of each girl D) the girls themselves
18. Explōrātor magnā cum celeritāte montem altum ascendere cōnātus est. A) is trying B) will try C) tried D) had tried
19. Māter crēdit multa ōscula īfantī danda esse. A) are being given B) will be given C) had been given D) must be given
20. The Roman night was divided into four watches. What was the Latin term for these periods of time? A) *hōrae* B) *vigiliae* C) *mēnsēs* D) *merīdiēs*
21. Influence, fluent, and superfluous all derive from the Latin verb meaning to A) march B) pay C) trade D) flow
22. Who was the Roman general and statesman who served as consul seven times and was known for his important reforms of the army? A) Marius B) Pompey C) Cincinnatus D) Coriolanus
23. In Greek mythology, this mother's sudden loss of her children illustrates that the gods were quick to punish human pride and arrogance. A) Atalanta B) Leda C) Niobe D) Pandora
24. Saturn, a Titan who fathered Jupiter and his siblings, became the Italian god of A) love and friendship B) harvest and agriculture C) volcanoes and metalworking D) the military and its ceremonies
25. What sea, indicated by a star on the map, did the Romans call *Pontus Euxinus*? A) the Black Sea B) the Ionian Sea C) the Adriatic Sea D) the Tyrrhenian Sea



25.

26. Who in ancient Rome would make predictions based on flights of birds? A) *aedilis* B) *augur* C) *paterfamiliās* D) *tribūnus plēbis*
27. Who was both the mother of Tiberius and the long-time wife and counselor of Augustus? A) Cornelia B) Helena C) Livia D) Octavia
28. The two brothers decided to perform their tasks on a *quid pro quo* basis. A) on demand B) as a mutual exchange C) on the next day D) with little hesitation
29. Encountering a friend not seen in a long time, one might exclaim A) *Bene respondisti!* B) *Plaudite, omnēs!* C) *Quam hodiē pluit!* D) *Tē multum dēsīderāvī!*

**READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS.**

A LETTER BETWEEN FRIENDS

*In 58 BC, the author writes a letter on his way into exile.*

Cicerō Atticō sal.

Terentia tibi et saepe et maximās agit grātiās. Id est mihi grātissimum. Ego vīvō miserrimus et maximō dolōre cōnficior. Ad tē quid scrībam nesciō. Sī enim es Rōmae, iam me assequī nōn potes; sīn es in viā, cum mē assecūtus eris, coram agēmus ea quae erunt agenda. Tantum tē orō ut, quoniam me ipsum semper amāstī, ut eōdem amōre sīs; ego enim īdem sum. Inimīcī meī mea mihi, nōn mē ipsum, adēmērunt. Cūrā ut valeās. a.d. IV Id. Apr.

Adapted from Cicero, *Ad Atticum*, III.5

1 **sal.** = **salūtem dicit**

2

3

4

5 **assequī** = to catch up to; **sīn** = but if

6 **coram** = in person

7 **quoniam** = since; **amāstī** = **amāvistī**

8 **mea** = my possessions

9 **adēmērunt** (+ dat.) = have taken away from

30. In line 2, Terentia A) lives a life of serenity B) continually thanks her husband C) often expresses her concern for Cicero D) gives deepest thanks to Atticus
31. In line 3, the word *Ego* refers to A) Cicero B) Atticus C) Terentia D) an unidentified person
32. In lines 3-4 (*Ego...cōnficior*), the writer A) is worn out with the greatest grief B) is getting rid of a great burden C) fears great sadness for the living D) is completely gratified by his life
33. In line 4 (*Ad...nesciō*), Cicero conveys that he A) cannot understand Atticus' letter B) does not want to leave Greece C) has written too much already D) is unsure of what to write
34. In line 6, the phrase *ea quae erunt agenda* is best translated as A) who may do these things B) certain things which had been done C) those things which will have to be done D) whatever they will have done
35. Which Latin verb means nearly the same thing as *orō* (line 6)? A) *eō* B) *laudō* C) *rogō* D) *sequor*
36. In line 7 (*quoniam...amāstī*), Cicero believes that A) Atticus has always loved him B) Terentia continues to love him C) everyone still loves him D) he can no longer love himself
37. In line 7, *eōdem amōre* means A) with each love B) with the same love C) with some love D) with a certain love
38. What modern day expression is closest to the Latin phrase "*Cūrā ut valeās*" (line 9)? A) Write as soon as you can. B) Best wishes be with you. C) Hope to see you soon. D) Take care of yourself.
39. This letter was written on April A) 10 B) 13 C) 15 D) 19
40. The tone of this letter is one of A) anger B) excitement C) indifference D) sorrow